

## MEDICAL POLICY

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| <b>POLICY TITLE</b>  | <b>AQUEOUS SHUNTS AND STENTS FOR GLAUCOMA</b> |
| <b>POLICY NUMBER</b> | <b>MP 2.149</b>                               |

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| <b>CLINICAL BENEFIT</b> | <input type="checkbox"/> MINIMIZE SAFETY RISK OR CONCERN.<br><input type="checkbox"/> MINIMIZE HARMFUL OR INEFFECTIVE INTERVENTIONS.<br><input type="checkbox"/> ASSURE APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF CARE.<br><input type="checkbox"/> ASSURE APPROPRIATE DURATION OF SERVICE FOR INTERVENTIONS.<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ASSURE THAT RECOMMENDED MEDICAL PREREQUISITES HAVE BEEN MET.<br><input type="checkbox"/> ASSURE APPROPRIATE SITE OF TREATMENT OR SERVICE. |
| <b>Effective Date:</b>  | <b>4/1/2026</b>   |

### POLICY

#### Shunts

Insertion of ab externo aqueous shunts approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) may be considered **medically necessary** as a method to reduce intraocular pressure in members with glaucoma where medical therapy has failed to adequately control intraocular pressure.

Use of an ab externo aqueous shunt for all other conditions, including in members with glaucoma when intraocular pressure is adequately controlled by medications, is considered **investigational**. There is insufficient evidence to support a general conclusion concerning the health outcomes or benefits associated with this procedure.

#### Stents

Insertion of ab interno aqueous stents approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration as a method to reduce intraocular pressure in members with glaucoma where medical therapy has failed to adequately control intraocular pressure, may be considered **medically necessary**.

Implantation of 1 or 2 U.S. Food and Drug Administration-approved ab interno stents in conjunction with cataract surgery may be considered **medically necessary** in members with mild-to-moderate open-angle glaucoma treated with ocular hypotensive medication.

Use of ab interno stents for all other conditions is considered **investigational**. There is insufficient evidence to support a general conclusion concerning the health outcomes or benefits associated with this procedure.

#### Policy Guidelines

Shunts and stents are only able to reduce intraocular pressure (IOP) to the mid-teens and may be inadequate when very low IOP is needed to reduce glaucoma damage.

#### ***Cross-Reference:***

**MEDICAL POLICY**

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <b>POLICY TITLE</b>  | <b>AQUEOUS SHUNTS AND STENTS FOR GLAUCOMA</b> |
| <b>POLICY NUMBER</b> | <b>MP 2.149</b>                               |

**MP 2.056 Ophthalmologic Techniques That Evaluate the Posterior Eye Segment for Glaucoma**

**PRODUCT VARIATIONS**

This policy is only applicable to certain programs and products administered by Capital Blue Cross and subject to benefit variations. Please see additional information below.

**FEP PPO:** Refer to FEP Medical Policy Manual. The FEP Medical Policy manual can be found at:

<https://www.fepblue.org/benefit-plans/medical-policies-and-utilization-management-guidelines/medical-policies> .

**DESCRIPTION/BACKGROUND**

Glaucoma surgery is intended to reduce intraocular pressure (IOP) when the target IOP cannot be reached using medications. Due to complications with established surgical approaches (e.g., trabeculectomy), a variety of shunts and stents are being evaluated as alternative surgical treatments for patients with inadequately controlled glaucoma. Microstents are also being evaluated in patients with mild-to-moderate open-angle glaucoma (OAG) currently treated with ocular hypotensive medication.

**Glaucoma**

Glaucoma is the leading cause of irreversible blindness worldwide and is characterized by elevated intraocular pressure (IOP). In 2020, glaucoma affected approximately 52.7 million individuals globally, with a projected increase to 79.8 million in 2040.<sup>1</sup> Glaucoma has been reported to be 7 times more likely to cause blindness and 15 times more likely to cause visual impairment in Black individuals as compared to White individuals. In the U.S. in 2010, Black individuals had the highest prevalence rate of primary open angle glaucoma at 3.4% compared to 1.7% among White individuals.

In the primary (conventional) outflow pathway from the eye, aqueous humor passes through the trabecular meshwork, enters a space lined with endothelial cells (Schlemm canal), drains into collector channels, and then into the aqueous veins. Increases in resistance in the trabecular meshwork and/or the inner wall of the Schlemm canal can disrupt the balance of aqueous humor inflow and outflow, resulting in an increase in IOP and glaucoma risk.

**Treatment**

**Ocular Medication**

First-line treatment typically involves pharmacologic therapy. Topical medications either increase aqueous outflow (prostaglandins, alpha-adrenergic agonists, cholinergic agonists, Rho kinase inhibitors) or decrease aqueous production (alpha-adrenergic agonists, beta blockers,

## MEDICAL POLICY

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <b>POLICY TITLE</b>  | <b>AQUEOUS SHUNTS AND STENTS FOR GLAUCOMA</b> |
| <b>POLICY NUMBER</b> | <b>MP 2.149</b>                               |

carbonic anhydrase inhibitors). Pharmacologic therapy may involve multiple medications, have potential side effects, and may be inconvenient for older adults or incapacitated patients.

### **Surgery**

Surgical intervention may be indicated in patients with glaucoma when the target IOP cannot be reached pharmacologically. Surgical procedures for glaucoma aim to reduce IOP from impaired aqueous humor drainage in the trabecular meshwork and/or Schlemm canal. Trabeculectomy (guarded filtration surgery) is the most established surgical procedure for glaucoma, which involves dissecting the conjunctiva, creating a scleral flap and scleral ostomy then suturing down the flap and closing the conjunctiva, allowing aqueous humor to directly enter the subconjunctival space. This procedure creates a subconjunctival reservoir, which can effectively reduce IOP, but commonly results in filtering “blebs” on the eye, and is associated with numerous complications (e.g., hemorrhage, scarring, hypotony, infection, leaks, bleb-related endophthalmitis) and long-term failure. Other surgical procedures (not addressed herein) include trabecular laser ablation, deep sclerectomy (which removes the outer wall of the Schlemm canal and excises deep sclera and peripheral cornea), and viscocanalostomy (which unroofs and dilates the Schlemm canal without penetrating the trabecular meshwork or anterior chamber). Canaloplasty involves dilation and tension of the Schlemm canal with a suture loop between the inner wall of the canal and the trabecular meshwork. This ab externo procedure uses the iTrack illuminated microcatheter (iScience Interventional) to access and dilate the entire length of the Schlemm canal and to pass the suture loop through the canal.

Insertion of shunts from outside the eye (ab externo) is another surgical option to lower IOP. Examples of ab externo devices cleared by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) include the Ahmed, Baerveldt, Molteno, and EX-PRESS mini shunt, which shunt aqueous humor between the anterior chamber and the suprachoroidal space. These devices differ by explant surface areas, shape, plate thickness, presence or absence of a valve, and details of surgical installation. Generally, the risk of hypotony (low pressure) is reduced with aqueous shunts compared with trabeculectomy, but IOP outcomes are worse than after standard guarded filtration surgery. Complications of anterior chamber shunts include corneal endothelial failure and erosion of the overlying conjunctiva. The risk of postoperative infection is lower with shunts than with trabeculectomy, and failure rates are similar ( $\approx 10\%$  of devices fail annually). The primary indication for aqueous shunts is for failed medical or surgical therapy, although some ophthalmologists have advocated their use as a primary surgical intervention, particularly for selected conditions such as congenital glaucoma, trauma, chemical burn, or pemphigoid.

### **Minimally Invasive Glaucoma Surgeries**

Minimally invasive glaucoma surgeries (MIGS) are alternative, less invasive techniques that are being developed and evaluated. MIGS, which use microscopic-sized equipment and smaller incisions, involve less surgical manipulation of the sclera and the conjunctiva compared with other surgical techniques. There are several categories of MIGS: miniaturized trabeculectomy, trabecular bypass, milder laser photocoagulation, and totally internal or suprachoroidal stents. Shunts and stents can be administered through an external flap of the conjunctiva and sclera

**MEDICAL POLICY**

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <b>POLICY TITLE</b>  | <b>AQUEOUS SHUNTS AND STENTS FOR GLAUCOMA</b> |
| <b>POLICY NUMBER</b> | <b>MP 2.149</b>                               |

(ab externo) or in a small incision in the cornea with the devices inserted through the anterior chamber of the eye (ab interno). Some ab interno microstents may be inserted with injectors.

Examples of ab externo devices are the Ahmed, Baerveldt, and EX-PRESS shunts. Examples of ab interno devices either approved or given marketing clearance by the FDA include the iStent, which is a 1-mm long stent inserted into the end of the Schlemm canal through the cornea and anterior chamber, iStent inject, and XEN gelatin stent.

Because aqueous humor outflow is pressure-dependent, the pressure in the reservoir and venous system is critical for reaching the target IOP. Therefore, some devices may be unable to reduce IOP below the pressure of the distal outflow system used (e.g., <15 mm Hg) and are not indicated for patients for whom very low IOP is desired (e.g., those with advanced glaucoma). It has been proposed that stents such as the iStent, iStent inject, and Hydrus Microstent may be useful in patients with early-stage glaucoma to reduce the burden of medications and problems with compliance. One area of investigation is patients with glaucoma who require cataract surgery. An advantage of ab interno stents is that they may be inserted into the same incision and at the same time as cataract surgery. Also, most devices do not preclude subsequent trabeculectomy if needed. It may also be possible to insert more than 1 stent to achieve desired IOP.

**Regulatory Status**

The regulatory status of the various ab externo and ab interno aqueous shunts and microstents is summarized in Table 1.

The first-generation Ahmed™ (New World Medical), Baerveldt® (Advanced Medical Optics), Krupin (Eagle Vision), and Molteno® (Molteno Ophthalmic) ab externo aqueous shunts were cleared for marketing by the FDA through the 510(k) process between 1989 and 1993; modified Ahmed and Molteno devices were cleared in 2006. They are indicated for use “in patients with intractable glaucoma to reduce IOP where medical and conventional surgical treatments have failed.” The AquaFlow™ Collagen Glaucoma Drainage Device (STAAR Surgical) was approved by the FDA through the premarket approval process for the maintenance of the subscleral space following nonpenetrating deep sclerectomy. In 2003, the ab externo EX-PRESS® Mini Glaucoma Shunt was cleared for marketing by the FDA through the 510(k) process.

In 2016, the XEN® Glaucoma Treatment System (Allergan), which consists of the XEN45 Gel Stent preloaded into the XEN Injector, was cleared for marketing by the FDA through the 510(k) process as an ab interno aqueous stent for management of refractory glaucoma. The approval was for patients with refractory glaucoma who failed previous surgical treatment or for patients with primary open-angle glaucoma unresponsive to maximum tolerated medical therapy. The FDA determined that this device was substantially equivalent to existing devices, specifically the Ahmed™ Glaucoma Valve and the EX-PRESS® Glaucoma Filtration Device.

## MEDICAL POLICY

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <b>POLICY TITLE</b>  | <b>AQUEOUS SHUNTS AND STENTS FOR GLAUCOMA</b> |
| <b>POLICY NUMBER</b> | <b>MP 2.149</b>                               |

In 2018, the first microstent, the iStent® Trabecular Micro-Bypass Stent preloaded into the iStent inject device (Glaukos) was approved by the FDA through the 515(d) process for use in conjunction with cataract surgery for the reduction of IOP in adults with mild-to-moderate OAG currently treated with ocular hypotensive medication.

In August 2018, Alcon announced an immediate voluntary recall of the CyPass microstent, which had been approved by the FDA in 2016 for use in conjunction with cataract surgery in adults with mild-to-moderate OAG. The recall was based on 5 year postsurgery data from the COMPASS-XT long-term safety study. Results showed a statistically significant increase in endothelial cell loss among patients receiving the CyPass microstent compared with patients receiving cataract surgery alone.

In September 2023, a randomized controlled trial (NCT01881425) reported two-year follow-up outcomes comparing the PRESERFLO MicroShunt (Santen) to trabeculectomy in patients with mild to severe primary OAG inadequately controlled by maximum tolerated medical therapy. 2, As of October 2024, FDA approval of the device is still pending.

**Table 1. Regulatory Status of Aqueous Shunts and Stents**

| <b>Device</b>                       | <b>Manufacturer</b>     | <b>Type</b>                        | <b>FDA Status</b>                           | <b>Date</b> |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|---|-------------|
| <b>AquaFlow™</b>                    | STAAR Surgical          | Drainage device                    | PMA   | 2001        |
| <b>Ahmed™</b>                       | New World Medical       | Aqueous glaucoma shunt, ab externo | 510(k)                                      | <1993       |
| <b>Baerveldt®</b>                   | Advanced Medical Optics | Aqueous glaucoma shunt, ab externo | 510(k)                                      | <1993       |
| <b>Krupin</b>                       | Eagle Vision            | Aqueous glaucoma shunt, ab externo | 510(k)                                      | <1993       |
| <b>Molteno®</b>                     | Molteno Ophthalmic      | Aqueous glaucoma shunt, ab externo | 510(k)                                      | <1993       |
| <b>EX-PRESS®</b>                    | Alcon                   | Mini-glaucoma shunt, ab externo    | 510(k)                                      | 2003        |
| <b>XEN® Gel Stent; XEN injector</b> | AqueSys/Allergan        | Aqueous glaucoma stent, ab interno | 510(k)                                      | 2016        |
| <b>iStent®; iStent inject®</b>      | Glaukos                 | Microstent, ab interno             | 515(d) in conjunction with cataract surgery | 2018        |
| <b>iStent supra®</b>                | Glaukos                 | Suprachoroidal stent               | Not approved; in clinical trial             |             |
| <b>CyPass®</b>                      | Alcon                   | Suprachoroidal stent, ab interno   | Company voluntarily recalled                | 2018        |
| <b>Hydrus™</b>                      | Ivantis                 | Microstent, ab interno             | PMA approval                                | 2018        |
| <b>Beacon</b>                       | MicroOptx               | Micro-Shunt, ab externo            | Not approved; in                            |             |

**MEDICAL POLICY**

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <b>POLICY TITLE</b>  | <b>AQUEOUS SHUNTS AND STENTS FOR GLAUCOMA</b> |
| <b>POLICY NUMBER</b> | <b>MP 2.149</b>                               |

|   |         |                         |                                 |      |
|---|---------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|------|
| <b>Aqueous Microshunt</b>                         |         |                         | clinical trial                  |      |
| <b>PRESERFLO® MicroShunt (previously InFocus)</b> | Santen  | Micro-Shunt, ab externo | Not approved; in clinical trial |      |
| <b>iStent Infinite</b>                            | Glaukos | Microstent, ab interno  | 510(k)                          | 2022 |

FDA: Food and Drug Administration; PMA: premarket approval.  
 FDA product codes: OGO, KYF.

**RATIONALE**

**Summary of Evidence**

For individuals who have refractory open-angle glaucoma who receive ab externo aqueous shunts, the evidence includes randomized controlled trials (RCTs), retrospective studies, and systematic reviews. The relevant outcomes are a change in disease status, functional outcomes, medication use, and treatment-related morbidity. RCTs assessing FDA-approved shunts have shown that the use of large externally placed shunts reduces IOP to slightly less than standard filtering surgery (trabeculectomy). Reported shunt success rates show that these devices are noninferior to trabeculectomy in the long-term. The FDA-approved shunts have different adverse event profiles and avoid some of the most problematic complications of trabeculectomy. Two trials have compared the Ahmed and Baerveldt shunts. Both found that eyes treated with the Baerveldt shunt had slightly lower average IOP at five years than eyes treated with the Ahmed, but the Baerveldt also had a higher rate of serious hypotony-related complications. The evidence is sufficient to determine that the technology results in a meaningful improvement in the net health outcome.

For individuals who have refractory OAG who receive ab interno aqueous stents, the evidence includes systematic reviews, an RCT, nonrandomized comparative studies, and a single-arm study. Relevant outcomes are a change in disease status, functional outcomes, medication use, and treatment-related morbidity. The RCT found XEN45 to be noninferior to trabeculectomy. The nonrandomized comparative studies reported that patients receiving the stent experienced similar reductions in IOP and medication use as patients undergoing trabeculectomy. The single-arm study, with 12-month follow-up results, consistently showed that patients receiving the stents experienced reductions in IOP and medication use. In addition, the FDA has given clearance to a gel stent based on equivalent IOP and medication use reductions as seen with ab externo shunts. Clearance for the stent was based on a review in which the FDA concluded that while there were technical differences between the stent and predicate devices (shunts), the differences did not affect safety and effectiveness in lowering IOP and medication use. The evidence is sufficient to determine that the technology results in an improvement in the net health outcome.

**MEDICAL POLICY**

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <b>POLICY TITLE</b>  | <b>AQUEOUS SHUNTS AND STENTS FOR GLAUCOMA</b> |
| <b>POLICY NUMBER</b> | <b>MP 2.149</b>                               |

For individuals who have mild-to-moderate OAG who are undergoing cataract surgery who receive aqueous microstents, the evidence includes RCTs and meta-analyses of RCTs. Relevant outcomes are a change in disease status, functional outcomes, medication use, and treatment-related morbidity. Implantation of 1 or 2 microstents has received the FDA approval for use in conjunction with cataract surgery for reduction of IOP in adults with mild-to-moderate OAG currently treated with ocular hypotensive medication. When compared to cataract surgery alone, the studies showed modest but statistically significant decreases in IOP, and medication use through the first 2 years when stents were implanted in conjunction with cataract surgery. A decrease in topical medication application is considered to be an important outcome for patients and reduces the problem of non-compliance that can affect visual outcomes. The evidence is sufficient to determine that the technology results in an improvement in the net health outcome.

For individuals with mild-to-moderate OAG who are not undergoing cataract surgery who receive aqueous microstents as a stand-alone procedure, the evidence includes a nonrandomized trial, RCTs and a systematic review of 3 heterogeneous RCTs. Relevant outcomes are a change in disease status, functional outcomes, medication use, and treatment-related morbidity. Several RCTs have evaluated the use of multiple microstents but comparators differed. Two RCTs indicate that implantation of a microstent can reduce IOP at a level similar to ocular medications at 12-month follow-up. Reduction in medications is an important outcome for patients with glaucoma. Whether microstents remain patent after 12 months is uncertain, and whether additional stents can subsequently be safely implanted is unknown. Some evidence on longer-term outcomes is provided by an RCT that compared implantation of a single iStent to implantation of multiple iStents. At longer-term (42-month) follow-up, the need for additional medication increased in eyes implanted with a single microstent but not with multiple microstents. The durability of multiple iStents is unknown. A fourth RCT compared implantation of the Hydrus microstent to 2 iStents. Outcomes from the Hydrus microstent were significantly better than 2 iStents, both statistically and clinically, for all outcome measures. The primary limitation of this study is that the duration of follow-up in the publication is limited to 12 months. Longer-term follow-up from this study is continuing and will answer important questions on the durability of the procedure. Corroboration in an independent study and comparison with a medical therapy control group would also increase confidence in the results. The evidence is insufficient to determine that the technology results in an improvement in the net health outcome.

**DEFINITIONS**

N/A

**DISCLAIMER**

*Capital Blue Cross' medical policies are used to determine coverage for specific medical technologies, procedures, equipment, and services. These medical policies do not constitute medical advice and are subject to change as permitted by law or applicable clinical evidence*

## MEDICAL POLICY

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <b>POLICY TITLE</b>  | <b>AQUEOUS SHUNTS AND STENTS FOR GLAUCOMA</b> |
| <b>POLICY NUMBER</b> | <b>MP 2.149</b>                               |

*from independent treatment guidelines. Treating providers are solely responsible for medical advice and treatment of members. These policies are not a guarantee of coverage or payment. Payment of claims is subject to a determination regarding the member's benefit program and eligibility on the date of service, and a determination that the services are medically necessary and appropriate. Final processing of a claim is based upon the terms of contract that applies to the members' benefit program, including benefit limitations and exclusions. If a provider or a member has a question concerning this medical policy, please contact Capital Blue Cross' Provider Services or Member Services.*

### CODING INFORMATION

**Note:** This list of codes may not be all-inclusive, and codes are subject to change at any time. The identification of a code in this section does not denote coverage as coverage is determined by the terms of member benefit information. In addition, not all covered services are eligible for separate reimbursement.

#### Covered when medically necessary for FDA approved shunts and stents:

| Procedure codes |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 0253T           | 0450T | 0449T | 0474T | 0671T | 66179 | 66180 | 66183 | 66184 |
| 66185           | 66989 | 66991 | C1783 | L8612 |       |       |       |       |

| ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Codes | Description   |
|---------------------------|---|
| B73.02                    | Onchocerciasis with glaucoma                              |
| H26.231                   | Glaucomatous flecks (subcapsular), right eye              |
| H26.232                   | Glaucomatous flecks (subcapsular), left eye               |
| H26.233                   | Glaucomatous flecks (subcapsular), bilateral              |
| H26.239                   | Glaucomatous flecks (subcapsular), unspecified eye        |
| H40.051                   | Ocular hypertension, right eye                            |
| H40.052                   | Ocular hypertension, left eye                             |
| H40.053                   | Ocular hypertension, bilateral                            |
| H40.059                   | Ocular hypertension, unspecified eye                      |
| H40.10X0                  | Unspecified open-angle glaucoma, stage unspecified        |
| H40.10X1                  | Unspecified open-angle glaucoma, mild stage               |
| H40.10X2                  | Unspecified open-angle glaucoma, moderate stage           |
| H40.10X3                  | Unspecified open-angle glaucoma, severe stage             |
| H40.10X4                  | Unspecified open-angle glaucoma, indeterminate stage      |
| H40.1110                  | Primary open-angle glaucoma, right eye, stage unspecified |
| H40.1111                  | Primary open-angle glaucoma, right eye, mild stage        |

**MEDICAL POLICY**

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <b>POLICY TITLE</b>  | <b>AQUEOUS SHUNTS AND STENTS FOR GLAUCOMA</b> |
| <b>POLICY NUMBER</b> | <b>MP 2.149</b>                               |

| <b>ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Codes</b> | <b>Description</b>  |
|----------------------------------|---|
| H40.1112                         | Primary open-angle glaucoma, right eye, moderate stage            |
| H40.1113                         | Primary open-angle glaucoma, right eye, severe stage              |
| H40.1114                         | Primary open-angle glaucoma, right eye, indeterminate stage       |
| H40.1120                         | Primary open-angle glaucoma, left eye, stage unspecified          |
| H40.1121                         | Primary open-angle glaucoma, left eye, mild stage                 |
| H40.1122                         | Primary open-angle glaucoma, left eye, moderate stage             |
| H40.1123                         | Primary open-angle glaucoma, left eye, severe stage               |
| H40.1124                         | Primary open-angle glaucoma, left eye, indeterminate stage        |
| H40.1130                         | Primary open-angle glaucoma, bilateral, stage unspecified         |
| H40.1131                         | Primary open-angle glaucoma, bilateral, mild stage                |
| H40.1132                         | Primary open-angle glaucoma, bilateral, moderate stage            |
| H40.1133                         | Primary open-angle glaucoma, bilateral, severe stage              |
| H40.1134                         | Primary open-angle glaucoma, bilateral, indeterminate stage       |
| H40.1190                         | Primary open-angle glaucoma, unspecified eye, stage unspecified   |
| H40.1191                         | Primary open-angle glaucoma, unspecified eye, mild stage          |
| H40.1192                         | Primary open-angle glaucoma, unspecified eye, moderate stage      |
| H40.1193                         | Primary open-angle glaucoma, unspecified eye, severe stage        |
| H40.1194                         | Primary open-angle glaucoma, unspecified eye, indeterminate stage |
| H40.1210                         | Low-tension glaucoma, right eye, stage unspecified                |
| H40.1211                         | Low-tension glaucoma, right eye, mild stage                       |
| H40.1212                         | Low-tension glaucoma, right eye, moderate stage                   |
| H40.1213                         | Low-tension glaucoma, right eye, severe stage                     |
| H40.1214                         | Low-tension glaucoma, right eye, indeterminate stage              |
| H40.1220                         | Low-tension glaucoma, left eye, stage unspecified                 |
| H40.1221                         | Low-tension glaucoma, left eye, mild stage                        |
| H40.1222                         | Low-tension glaucoma, left eye, moderate stage                    |
| H40.1223                         | Low-tension glaucoma, left eye, severe stage                      |
| H40.1224                         | Low-tension glaucoma, left eye, indeterminate stage               |
| H40.1230                         | Low-tension glaucoma, bilateral, stage unspecified                |
| H40.1231                         | Low-tension glaucoma, bilateral, mild stage                       |
| H40.1232                         | Low-tension glaucoma, bilateral, moderate stage                   |
| H40.1233                         | Low-tension glaucoma, bilateral, severe stage                     |
| H40.1234                         | Low-tension glaucoma, bilateral, indeterminate stage              |
| H40.1290                         | Low-tension glaucoma, unspecified eye, stage unspecified          |
| H40.1291                         | Low-tension glaucoma, unspecified eye, mild stage                 |
| H40.1292                         | Low-tension glaucoma, unspecified eye, moderate stage             |
| H40.1293                         | Low-tension glaucoma, unspecified eye, severe stage               |

**MEDICAL POLICY**

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <b>POLICY TITLE</b>  | <b>AQUEOUS SHUNTS AND STENTS FOR GLAUCOMA</b> |
| <b>POLICY NUMBER</b> | <b>MP 2.149</b>                               |

| <b>ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Codes</b> | <b>Description</b>   |
|----------------------------------|--|
| H40.1294                         | Low-tension glaucoma, unspecified eye, indeterminate stage                           |
| H40.1310                         | Pigmentary glaucoma, right eye, stage unspecified                                    |
| H40.1311                         | Pigmentary glaucoma, right eye, mild stage   |
| H40.1312                         | Pigmentary glaucoma, right eye, moderate stage                                       |
| H40.1313                         | Pigmentary glaucoma, right eye, severe stage   |
| H40.1314                         | Pigmentary glaucoma, right eye, indeterminate stage                                  |
| H40.1320                         | Pigmentary glaucoma, left eye, stage unspecified                                     |
| H40.1321                         | Pigmentary glaucoma, left eye, mild stage  |
| H40.1322                         | Pigmentary glaucoma, left eye, moderate stage  |
| H40.1323                         | Pigmentary glaucoma, left eye, severe stage  |
| H40.1324                         | Pigmentary glaucoma, left eye, indeterminate stage                                   |
| H40.1330                         | Pigmentary glaucoma, bilateral, stage unspecified                                    |
| H40.1331                         | Pigmentary glaucoma, bilateral, mild stage   |
| H40.1332                         | Pigmentary glaucoma, bilateral, moderate stage                                       |
| H40.1333                         | Pigmentary glaucoma, bilateral, severe stage   |
| H40.1334                         | Pigmentary glaucoma, bilateral, indeterminate stage                                  |
| H40.1390                         | Pigmentary glaucoma, unspecified eye, stage unspecified                              |
| H40.1391                         | Pigmentary glaucoma, unspecified eye, mild stage                                     |
| H40.1392                         | Pigmentary glaucoma, unspecified eye, moderate stage                                 |
| H40.1393                         | Pigmentary glaucoma, unspecified eye, severe stage                                   |
| H40.1394                         | Pigmentary glaucoma, unspecified eye, indeterminate stage                            |
| H40.1410                         | Capsular glaucoma with pseudoexfoliation of lens, right eye, stage unspecified       |
| H40.1411                         | Capsular glaucoma with pseudoexfoliation of lens, right eye, mild stage              |
| H40.1412                         | Capsular glaucoma with pseudoexfoliation of lens, right eye, moderate stage          |
| H40.1413                         | Capsular glaucoma with pseudoexfoliation of lens, right eye, severe stage            |
| H40.1414                         | Capsular glaucoma with pseudoexfoliation of lens, right eye, indeterminate stage     |
| H40.1420                         | Capsular glaucoma with pseudoexfoliation of lens, left eye, stage unspecified        |
| H40.1421                         | Capsular glaucoma with pseudoexfoliation of lens, left eye, mild stage               |
| H40.1422                         | Capsular glaucoma with pseudoexfoliation of lens, left eye, moderate stage           |
| H40.1423                         | Capsular glaucoma with pseudoexfoliation of lens, left eye, severe stage             |
| H40.1424                         | Capsular glaucoma with pseudoexfoliation of lens, left eye, indeterminate stage      |
| H40.1430                         | Capsular glaucoma with pseudoexfoliation of lens, bilateral, stage unspecified       |
| H40.1431                         | Capsular glaucoma with pseudoexfoliation of lens, bilateral, mild stage              |
| H40.1432                         | Capsular glaucoma with pseudoexfoliation of lens, bilateral, moderate stage          |
| H40.1433                         | Capsular glaucoma with pseudoexfoliation of lens, bilateral, severe stage            |
| H40.1434                         | Capsular glaucoma with pseudoexfoliation of lens, bilateral, indeterminate stage     |
| H40.1490                         | Capsular glaucoma with pseudoexfoliation of lens, unspecified eye, stage unspecified |

**MEDICAL POLICY**

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <b>POLICY TITLE</b>  | <b>AQUEOUS SHUNTS AND STENTS FOR GLAUCOMA</b> |
| <b>POLICY NUMBER</b> | <b>MP 2.149</b>                               |

| <b>ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Codes</b> | <b>Description</b>   |
|----------------------------------|--|
| H40.1491                         | Capsular glaucoma with pseudoexfoliation of lens, unspecified eye, mild stage          |
| H40.1492                         | Capsular glaucoma with pseudoexfoliation of lens, unspecified eye, moderate stage      |
| H40.1493                         | Capsular glaucoma with pseudoexfoliation of lens, unspecified eye, severe stage        |
| H40.1494                         | Capsular glaucoma with pseudoexfoliation of lens, unspecified eye, indeterminate stage |
| H40.151                          | Residual stage of open-angle glaucoma, right eye                                       |
| H40.152                          | Residual stage of open-angle glaucoma, left eye  |
| H40.153                          | Residual stage of open-angle glaucoma, bilateral                                       |
| H40.159                          | Residual stage of open-angle glaucoma, unspecified eye                                 |
| H40.20X0                         | Unspecified primary angle-closure glaucoma, stage unspecified                          |
| H40.20X1                         | Unspecified primary angle-closure glaucoma, mild stage                                 |
| H40.20X2                         | Unspecified primary angle-closure glaucoma, moderate stage                             |
| H40.20X3                         | Unspecified primary angle-closure glaucoma, severe stage                               |
| H40.20X4                         | Unspecified primary angle-closure glaucoma, indeterminate stage                        |
| H40.211                          | Acute angle-closure glaucoma, right eye  |
| H40.212                          | Acute angle-closure glaucoma, left eye   |
| H40.213                          | Acute angle-closure glaucoma, bilateral  |
| H40.219                          | Acute angle-closure glaucoma, unspecified eye  |
| H40.2210                         | Chronic angle-closure glaucoma, right eye, stage unspecified                           |
| H40.2211                         | Chronic angle-closure glaucoma, right eye, mild stage                                  |
| H40.2212                         | Chronic angle-closure glaucoma, right eye, moderate stage                              |
| H40.2213                         | Chronic angle-closure glaucoma, right eye, severe stage                                |
| H40.2214                         | Chronic angle-closure glaucoma, right eye, indeterminate stage                         |
| H40.2220                         | Chronic angle-closure glaucoma, left eye, stage unspecified                            |
| H40.2221                         | Chronic angle-closure glaucoma, left eye, mild stage                                   |
| H40.2222                         | Chronic angle-closure glaucoma, left eye, moderate stage                               |
| H40.2223                         | Chronic angle-closure glaucoma, left eye, severe stage                                 |
| H40.2224                         | Chronic angle-closure glaucoma, left eye, indeterminate stage                          |
| H40.2230                         | Chronic angle-closure glaucoma, bilateral, stage unspecified                           |
| H40.2231                         | Chronic angle-closure glaucoma, bilateral, mild stage                                  |
| H40.2232                         | Chronic angle-closure glaucoma, bilateral, moderate stage                              |
| H40.2233                         | Chronic angle-closure glaucoma, bilateral, severe stage                                |
| H40.2234                         | Chronic angle-closure glaucoma, bilateral, indeterminate stage                         |
| H40.2290                         | Chronic angle-closure glaucoma, unspecified eye, stage unspecified                     |
| H40.2291                         | Chronic angle-closure glaucoma, unspecified eye, mild stage                            |
| H40.2292                         | Chronic angle-closure glaucoma, unspecified eye, moderate stage                        |
| H40.2293                         | Chronic angle-closure glaucoma, unspecified eye, severe stage                          |

**MEDICAL POLICY**

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <b>POLICY TITLE</b>  | <b>AQUEOUS SHUNTS AND STENTS FOR GLAUCOMA</b> |
| <b>POLICY NUMBER</b> | <b>MP 2.149</b>                               |

| <b>ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Codes</b> | <b>Description</b>   |
|----------------------------------|--|
| H40.2294                         | Chronic angle-closure glaucoma, unspecified eye, indeterminate stage         |
| H40.231                          | Intermittent angle-closure glaucoma, right eye                               |
| H40.232                          | Intermittent angle-closure glaucoma, left eye                                |
| H40.233                          | Intermittent angle-closure glaucoma, bilateral                               |
| H40.239                          | Intermittent angle-closure glaucoma, unspecified eye                         |
| H40.241                          | Residual stage of angle-closure glaucoma, right eye                          |
| H40.242                          | Residual stage of angle-closure glaucoma, left eye                           |
| H40.243                          | Residual stage of angle-closure glaucoma, bilateral                          |
| H40.249                          | Residual stage of angle-closure glaucoma, unspecified eye                    |
| H40.30X0                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye trauma, unspecified eye, stage unspecified         |
| H40.30X1                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye trauma, unspecified eye, mild stage                |
| H40.30X2                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye trauma, unspecified eye, moderate stage            |
| H40.30X3                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye trauma, unspecified eye, severe stage              |
| H40.30X4                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye trauma, unspecified eye, indeterminate stage       |
| H40.31X0                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye trauma, right eye, stage unspecified               |
| H40.31X1                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye trauma, right eye, mild stage                      |
| H40.31X2                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye trauma, right eye, moderate stage                  |
| H40.31X3                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye trauma, right eye, severe stage                    |
| H40.31X4                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye trauma, right eye, indeterminate stage             |
| H40.32X0                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye trauma, left eye, stage unspecified                |
| H40.32X1                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye trauma, left eye, mild stage                       |
| H40.32X2                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye trauma, left eye, moderate stage                   |
| H40.32X3                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye trauma, left eye, severe stage                     |
| H40.32X4                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye trauma, left eye, indeterminate stage              |
| H40.33X0                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye trauma, bilateral, stage unspecified               |
| H40.33X1                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye trauma, bilateral, mild stage                      |
| H40.33X2                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye trauma, bilateral, moderate stage                  |
| H40.33X3                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye trauma, bilateral, severe stage                    |
| H40.33X4                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye trauma, bilateral, indeterminate stage             |
| H40.40X0                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye inflammation, unspecified eye, stage unspecified   |
| H40.40X1                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye inflammation, unspecified eye, mild stage          |
| H40.40X2                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye inflammation, unspecified eye, moderate stage      |
| H40.40X3                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye inflammation, unspecified eye, severe stage        |
| H40.40X4                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye inflammation, unspecified eye, indeterminate stage |
| H40.41X0                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye inflammation, right eye, stage unspecified         |
| H40.41X1                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye inflammation, right eye, mild stage                |
| H40.41X2                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye inflammation, right eye, moderate stage            |

**MEDICAL POLICY**

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <b>POLICY TITLE</b>  | <b>AQUEOUS SHUNTS AND STENTS FOR GLAUCOMA</b> |
| <b>POLICY NUMBER</b> | <b>MP 2.149</b>                               |

| <b>ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Codes</b> | <b>Description</b>  |
|----------------------------------|---|
| H40.41X3                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye inflammation, right eye, severe stage                 |
| H40.41X4                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye inflammation, right eye, indeterminate stage          |
| H40.42X0                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye inflammation, left eye, stage unspecified             |
| H40.42X1                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye inflammation, left eye, mild stage                    |
| H40.42X2                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye inflammation, left eye, moderate stage                |
| H40.42X3                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye inflammation, left eye, severe stage                  |
| H40.42X4                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye inflammation, left eye, indeterminate stage           |
| H40.43X0                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye inflammation, bilateral, stage unspecified            |
| H40.43X1                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye inflammation, bilateral, mild stage                   |
| H40.43X2                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye inflammation, bilateral, moderate stage               |
| H40.43X3                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye inflammation, bilateral, severe stage                 |
| H40.43X4                         | Glaucoma secondary to eye inflammation, bilateral, indeterminate stage          |
| H40.50X0                         | Glaucoma secondary to other eye disorders, unspecified eye, stage unspecified   |
| H40.50X1                         | Glaucoma secondary to other eye disorders, unspecified eye, mild stage          |
| H40.50X2                         | Glaucoma secondary to other eye disorders, unspecified eye, moderate stage      |
| H40.50X3                         | Glaucoma secondary to other eye disorders, unspecified eye, severe stage        |
| H40.50X4                         | Glaucoma secondary to other eye disorders, unspecified eye, indeterminate stage |
| H40.51X0                         | Glaucoma secondary to other eye disorders, right eye, stage unspecified         |
| H40.51X1                         | Glaucoma secondary to other eye disorders, right eye, mild stage                |
| H40.51X2                         | Glaucoma secondary to other eye disorders, right eye, moderate stage            |
| H40.51X3                         | Glaucoma secondary to other eye disorders, right eye, severe stage              |
| H40.51X4                         | Glaucoma secondary to other eye disorders, right eye, indeterminate stage       |
| H40.52X0                         | Glaucoma secondary to other eye disorders, left eye, stage unspecified          |
| H40.52X1                         | Glaucoma secondary to other eye disorders, left eye, mild stage                 |
| H40.52X2                         | Glaucoma secondary to other eye disorders, left eye, moderate stage             |
| H40.52X3                         | Glaucoma secondary to other eye disorders, left eye, severe stage               |
| H40.52X4                         | Glaucoma secondary to other eye disorders, left eye, indeterminate stage        |
| H40.53X0                         | Glaucoma secondary to other eye disorders, bilateral, stage unspecified         |
| H40.53X1                         | Glaucoma secondary to other eye disorders, bilateral, mild stage                |
| H40.53X2                         | Glaucoma secondary to other eye disorders, bilateral, moderate stage            |
| H40.53X3                         | Glaucoma secondary to other eye disorders, bilateral, severe stage              |
| H40.53X4                         | Glaucoma secondary to other eye disorders, bilateral, indeterminate stage       |
| H40.60X0                         | Glaucoma secondary to drugs, unspecified eye, stage unspecified                 |
| H40.60X1                         | Glaucoma secondary to drugs, unspecified eye, mild stage                        |
| H40.60X2                         | Glaucoma secondary to drugs, unspecified eye, moderate stage                    |
| H40.60X3                         | Glaucoma secondary to drugs, unspecified eye, severe stage                      |
| H40.60X4                         | Glaucoma secondary to drugs, unspecified eye, indeterminate stage               |

**MEDICAL POLICY**

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <b>POLICY TITLE</b>  | <b>AQUEOUS SHUNTS AND STENTS FOR GLAUCOMA</b> |
| <b>POLICY NUMBER</b> | <b>MP 2.149</b>                               |

| <b>ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Codes</b> | <b>Description</b>  |
|----------------------------------|---|
| H40.61X0                         | Glaucoma secondary to drugs, right eye, stage unspecified           |
| H40.61X1                         | Glaucoma secondary to drugs, right eye, mild stage                  |
| H40.61X2                         | Glaucoma secondary to drugs, right eye, moderate stage              |
| H40.61X3                         | Glaucoma secondary to drugs, right eye, severe stage                |
| H40.61X4                         | Glaucoma secondary to drugs, right eye, indeterminate stage         |
| H40.62X0                         | Glaucoma secondary to drugs, left eye, stage unspecified            |
| H40.62X1                         | Glaucoma secondary to drugs, left eye, mild stage                   |
| H40.62X2                         | Glaucoma secondary to drugs, left eye, moderate stage               |
| H40.62X3                         | Glaucoma secondary to drugs, left eye, severe stage                 |
| H40.62X4                         | Glaucoma secondary to drugs, left eye, indeterminate stage          |
| H40.63X0                         | Glaucoma secondary to drugs, bilateral, stage unspecified           |
| H40.63X1                         | Glaucoma secondary to drugs, bilateral, mild stage                  |
| H40.63X2                         | Glaucoma secondary to drugs, bilateral, moderate stage              |
| H40.63X3                         | Glaucoma secondary to drugs, bilateral, severe stage                |
| H40.63X4                         | Glaucoma secondary to drugs, bilateral, indeterminate stage         |
| H40.811                          | Glaucoma with increased episcleral venous pressure, right eye       |
| H40.812                          | Glaucoma with increased episcleral venous pressure, left eye        |
| H40.813                          | Glaucoma with increased episcleral venous pressure, bilateral       |
| H40.819                          | Glaucoma with increased episcleral venous pressure, unspecified eye |
| H40.821                          | Hypersecretion glaucoma, right eye                                  |
| H40.822                          | Hypersecretion glaucoma, left eye                                   |
| H40.823                          | Hypersecretion glaucoma, bilateral                                  |
| H40.829                          | Hypersecretion glaucoma, unspecified eye                            |
| H40.831                          | Aqueous misdirection, right eye                                     |
| H40.832                          | Aqueous misdirection, left eye                                      |
| H40.833                          | Aqueous misdirection, bilateral                                     |
| H40.839                          | Aqueous misdirection, unspecified eye                               |
| H40.841                          | Neovascular secondary angle closure glaucoma, right eye             |
| H40.842                          | Neovascular secondary angle closure glaucoma, left eye              |
| H40.843                          | Neovascular secondary angle closure glaucoma, bilateral             |
| H40.849                          | Neovascular secondary angle closure glaucoma, unspecified eye       |
| H40.84                           | Neovascular secondary angle closure glaucoma                        |
| H40.89                           | Other specified glaucoma  |
| H40.9                            | Unspecified glaucoma  |
| H42                              | Glaucoma in diseases classified elsewhere                           |

**MEDICAL POLICY**

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <b>POLICY TITLE</b>  | <b>AQUEOUS SHUNTS AND STENTS FOR GLAUCOMA</b> |
| <b>POLICY NUMBER</b> | <b>MP 2.149</b>                               |

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**MEDICAL POLICY**

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <b>POLICY TITLE</b>  | <b>AQUEOUS SHUNTS AND STENTS FOR GLAUCOMA</b> |
| <b>POLICY NUMBER</b> | <b>MP 2.149</b>                               |

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**MEDICAL POLICY**

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <b>POLICY TITLE</b>  | <b>AQUEOUS SHUNTS AND STENTS FOR GLAUCOMA</b> |
| <b>POLICY NUMBER</b> | <b>MP 2.149</b>                               |

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**MEDICAL POLICY**

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <b>POLICY TITLE</b>  | <b>AQUEOUS SHUNTS AND STENTS FOR GLAUCOMA</b> |
| <b>POLICY NUMBER</b> | <b>MP 2.149</b>                               |

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**MEDICAL POLICY**

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| <b>POLICY TITLE</b>  | <b>AQUEOUS SHUNTS AND STENTS FOR GLAUCOMA</b> |
| <b>POLICY NUMBER</b> | <b>MP 2.149</b>                               |

- 57. *Fellman RL, Mattox C, Singh K, et al. American Glaucoma Society Position Paper: Microinvasive Glaucoma Surgery. Ophthalmol Glaucoma. Jan 2020; 3(1): 1-6. PMID 32672638*
- 58. *National Institute for Health and Care Evidence (NICE). Trabecular stent bypass microsurgery for open-angle glaucoma [IPG575]. 2017;*
- 59. *National Institute for Health and Care Excellence. Microinvasive subconjunctival insertion of a trans-scleral gelatin stent for primary open-angle glaucoma. [IPG612]. 2018*

**POLICY HISTORY**

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| <b>MP 2.149</b> | <b>03/06/2020 Consensus Review.</b> Policy statement unchanged. References updated. Coding updated.  |
|                 | <b>06/15/2021 Administrative Update.</b> Added new codes 0660T and 0661T   |
|                 | <b>11/22/2021 Consensus Review.</b> 0660T and 0661T removed from policy and placed on E/I policy. Background, rationale and references updated.        |
|                 | <b>12/01/2021 Administrative Update.</b> Deleted codes 0191T, 0376T. Added codes 0671T, 66989, 66991. Removed 0660T and 0661T and moved to E/I policy. |
|                 | <b>11/28/2022 Consensus Review.</b> Background, rationale, and references updated.   |
|                 | <b>10/16/2023 Consensus Review.</b> No changes to policy statement. Updated references. Coding reviewed, no changes.                                   |
|                 | <b>10/16/2024 Consensus Review.</b> No change to policy statement. Updated references. Coding reviewed, no changes.                                    |
|                 | <b>09/02/2025 Administrative Update.</b> Added new ICD-10 Codes Eff 10/01/2025   |
|                 | <b>09/08/2025 Administrative Update.</b> Removed Benefit Variations Section and updated Disclaimer.  |
|                 | <b>11/12/2025 Consensus Review.</b> No change to policy statement. Background, Rationale and References updated. Removed Appendix.                     |

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